STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM						
Name of the module/subject The safety in technique and the organization of work				Code 10111102211011126470		
Field of	study		Profile of study (general academic, practical)	Year /Semester		
Safe	ty Engineering -	Full-time studies - Second-		1/1		
Elective	path/specialty		Subject offered in:	Course (compulsory, elective)		
Work Safety Management			Polish	obligatory		
Cycle of	study:	Fc	orm of study (full-time,part-time)			
Second-cycle studies			full-time			
No. of h	ours			No. of credits		
Lectur	e: <b>30</b> Classes	s: 15 Laboratory: -	Project/seminars:	- 3		
Status o	-	program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, from another f			
		(brak)		(brak)		
Educatio	on areas and fields of scie	ence and art		ECTS distribution (number and %)		
techn	ical sciences			3 100%		
	Technical scie	ences		3 100%		
Responsible for subject / lecturer: Responsible for subject / lecturer:						
•	-					
•	. dr hab. inż. Edwin Ty iil: edwin.tytyk@put.po		mgr inż. Aleksandra Dewic email: aleksandra.dewicka			
	61-665-33-77; 61-665-		tel. 61-665-33-74			
	Iział Inżynierii Zarządz		Wydział Inżynierii Zarządza			
	trzelecka 11 60-965 F		ul. Strzelecka 11 60-965 P			
Prere	quisites in term	s of knowledge, skills and s	social competencies:			
1	Knowledge	Basic knowledge of ergonomics				
2	Skills	Capability of technical thinking				
3	Social competencies	Group work				
Assu	mptions and obj	ectives of the course:				
The goal of the course is to familiarize students with the problems involved in workplace safety in industrial settings and with the methods of forming the physical work environment, as well as the rules of diagnosis and design of safe technical facilities and a safe work organization.						
	•	mes and reference to the ed	lucational results for	a field of study		
Know	/ledge:			<b>`</b>		
	-	of recognizing the belonging of a cert	ain problem to a given disci	pline - [K2A_W01]		
	-	erization of interdependencies in a g				
3. knov	vs the meaning of mos	st dependencies existing in a given d	iscipline for Safety Engineer	ring - [K2A_W03]		
4. knows detailed dependencies applicable to a given discipline - [K2A_W10]						
5. has basic knowledge of equipment and machines life cycle - [K2A_W15]						
Skills	5					
1. can acquire, integrate, interpret data from literature, database or other properly matched sources - [K2A_U1]						
2. can create, both in English and Polish language, well- documented report of problems within Safety Engineering - [K2A_U3]						
3. can prepare and give oral presentation relating to detailed issues within the realm of Safety Engineering in Polish and other foreign language - [K2A_U4]						
4. can, while formulating and solving engineering tasks, discern their systemic and non-technical aspects and also socio- technical,organizational and economic approach - [K2A_U10]						
connec	5. has got the preparation that is indispensable to be able to work in an industrial environment and also knows Safety rules connected with a given work along with the ability to impose their use in practice - [K2A_U13]					
	<ol> <li>can, according to a given specification, design and operate simple equipment, object, system or a process, typical for Safety Engineering - [K2A_U18]</li> </ol>					

# Social competencies:

1. Student is fully aware of the responsibility that he has taken for his own work and expresses readiness to comply with the rules of team work as well as responsibility for mutually realized and completed tasks - [K2A\_K3]

2. can determine some causal relationships in the process of targets implementation and rank pertinence of alternative or competitive tasks -  $[K2A\_K4]$ 

3. is conscious of his social role as a student of technical university, especially comprehends the need to formulate a pass the information to the society - [K2A\_K7]

# Assessment methods of study outcomes

Initial grade:

a)for seminars: based on written quizzes,

b)for lectures: based on written or oral answers to questions on the material covered in the current and previous lectures,

Final grade:

a)for seminars: based on an average of the attained quiz grades and passing an integrative test,

b)for lectures: based on passing a written test on the subjects presented during the lectures.

# Course description

Sources and types of hazards in technology. Identification of hazards as: mechanical, electrical, thermal, vibroacoustic, optical, chemical, and biological. The design of safety measures against the adverse effects of the physical work environment. Technological methods of reducing the amount of noise, vibration, dust, and radiation. Hazards and safety measures in typical manufacturing processes and common technological devices. Safety and work organization. The selection and rules of usage of personal protection. Regulations concerning safety at work.

#### **Basic bibliography:**

1. Bezpieczeństwo w technice i organizacji pracy (Safety in technology and work organization), Marcin Butlewski, Edwin Tytyk, Politechnika Poznańska, Poznań, 2011

2. Charakterystyki zagrożeń stwarzanych przez maszyny produkcyjne (The characterization of threats caused by production machines). Praca zbiorowa, Wyd. CIOP, Warszawa, 1998

3. Horst W., Ryzyko zawodowe na stanowisku pracy (Occupational risk in the workplace). Część 1. Ergonomiczne czynniki ryzyka (ergonomic risk factors). Wyd. Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań, 2004

# Additional bibliography:

1. Gierasimiuk J., Bezpieczeństwo pracy i ergonomia. Maszyny ? stanowiska pracy (Work Safety and ergonomics. Machines at workplace). Część 1 (Part 1): Podstawowe kryteria, wymagania i zasady oceny (Basic criteria, requirements and assessment rules). Wyd. Centralny Instytut Ochrony Pracy (CIOP), Warszawa, 1984

2. Koradecka D. (red.), Bezpieczeństwo pracy i ergonomia (Work Safety and ergonomics). Wyd. CIOP, Warszawa, 1999

3. Koradecka D. (red.), Zagrożenia czynnikami niebezpiecznymi i szkodliwymi w środowisku pracy (Threats caused by hazardous and harmful factors in working environment). Tom 6. Pakietu edukacyjnego dla uczelni wyższych pt. Nauka o pracy ? bezpieczeństwo, higiena, ergonomia. Wyd. CIOP, Warszawa, 2000

# Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)	
1. lecture	30	
2. practicals		15
3. individual work		15
Student's wo	orkload	
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	90	3
Contact hours	60	2
Practical activities	15	1